Process Report

# Group policy

To make our group functional we had to set up some basic policies in order to finish our project in time.

* Group members are obligated to attend everyday meetings where will be discussed what we achieved previous day and what we will work on this day
* Group members are obligated to work on the project minimal 8 hours per day
* If the group would find necessary, each group member will have to work during weekends in order to hand in working project till deadline.
* We will work together at one place as much as possible to ensure the information sharing is efficient.
* Our last day of coding is 19.8.2018

# Process workflow

Our workflow was decided on the first day of work 6.8.2018. From beginning we wanted to use SCRUM like approach. In this approach we would user Sprint structure with two days Sprints with daily meetings and requirements with time estimations. So, we created our first functional requirements but when we tried to estimate how long will each task take we came to conclusion that we don’t have enough information and experience in programming languages and frameworks we want to use. This means that our estimations were so inaccurate that creating meaningful Sprint structure and time estimations was not possible. None of us ever worked with Angular 2+, we both worked with Angular1.6. which is different. Also, none of us worked with ASP.NET API.

Therefore, we had to come up with new approach for our workflow. After some research we decided to combine Waterfall model like approach with parts of SCRUM approach.

From Waterfall model we took first four phases. These phases are:

* System – functional and non-functional requirements
* Analysis – here we created use cases.
* Design – for creating architecture of the application
* Coding – implementation of our use cases and requirements to the code with usage of architecture from Design phase

From SCRUM we took:

* Daily stand up – to inform each other what we accomplished previous day and what we will work on today.
* Requirements for whole project – requirements that we need to fulfil in order to successfully hand in the project. These requirements are basically Documentation and Diagrams

Combination of these approaches grants us possibility to easily adjust to new situations but still hold some sort of structure through the daily stand ups. We are aware that this type of approach could lead to chaos, but we are confident that because we are only two-member group we can avoid it by frequent communication during project development.

# How our workflow will work

At the start of each day (9:00) we will have the stand up meeting. Here we will inform each other what is done and what needs to be fixed. After we fulfil this meeting we then look into our requirements which we divided into four categories:

* Must have requirements – these needs to be finished in order for our web application to work.
* Should have requirements – requirements which should be implemented into the web application in order to give users basic functionalities
* Could have requirements – these requirements further develop users functionalities and improve user experience in our web application
* Nice to have requirements – these requirements are there if we would somehow finish all the previous requirements in time and want to push our web application to production like state.

We also have non-functional requirements which needs to be fulfilled in first days of development to enable us to build our web application.

We structured our requirements in order from top priority where each requirement could be fulfilled if the previous requirement is implemented. This requirements structure enables us to have defined workflow for tasks. So, when we finish one requirement we know which requirement will follow.

When we decide that one requirement is completed we take next requirement and separate it to smaller tasks which are divided between both members. We couldn’t make these smaller tasks from requirement earlier, because we are lacking the knowledge and experience.

Requirement is considered as completed once all task within the requirement are finished and locally tested.

# Day One 6.8.2018

This day we had a presentation in VIA Common House, so our work started at 12:00. This day was selected to start on the first phase of Waterfall which is System.

During the rest of the day we were creating functional requirements and after some research on non-functional requirements we created them as well. Reasons why we choose these technologies are stated in the Project Report. At the end of the day we come up with these functional and non-functional requirements

# Functional requirements

**Must have:**

* Database of users, movies and parking
* Registration of users
* Login for users
* Users can book a movie with seat

**Should have:**

* Two roles Administrator and user
* Calculation of price for tickets
* Administrator can create a movie
* Administrator can change or delete a movie
* Administrator can change or delete users
* Users can book a parking place

**Could have:**

* User can see their current and past bookings
* Administrator can see history of all data
* Administrator can see free and occupied parking spaces
* Administrator can remove user from a parking place
* JWT authentication

**Nice to have:**

* PDF generation
* Gateway for payments

# Non-functional requirements

* Back end written in C#
* .NET core framework
* Entity Framework
* Angular 6 front end
* Compatible with Google Chrome version 68
* RESTful web services

# Day Two 7.8.2018

We meet up at 9:00 to work on next phase of Waterfall which is Analysis. In this phase we created our use cases. To create use cases, we took our functional requirements and define use cases for each requirement. During process of creating the use cases we deepen our knowledge of our web application.

Once use cases were created at 12:00 we finish Analysis part of our customized Waterfall model. Now we moved to another phase which is Design. Here we implemented our non-functional requirements. We had to make this part together so both of us understand each part of our system architecture.

We started with back end because we needed back end working in order to set up front end correctly. First, we downloaded .NET core framework 2.1., then we run a Visual Studio and created new project with .NET Core web application template. Then we choose Angular template. But when we checked the version of Angular it was on version 5 and we wanted to work with Angular 6. We found procedure how to update the version, but it hadn’t work for us. After two hours of trying to update the version we decided to delete the template files for an Angular and created standalone front-end application with Angular 6.

We kept the WEB API template because it worked as it should. Now in order for our back end to work we installed nugget package with entity framework and created dummy database on which we tried queries and basic functionalities, so we can decide to keep it or find something else. Controlling the database was good so we decide to keep it.

Now we created Models in the WEP.API/Models and dbcontext file which created tables for our database from models we created. Then we created HTTP Get method in our movieController which took all movies inside the database and send it. So, at the end of the day we were able to get data from the database and present them on the server URL with api/movie.

# Day Three 8.8.2018

We start our meeting at 9:00 plan for the rest of the day was to finish integration of front end.

For generating standalone front end, we need to install AngularCLI globally and Node.js. After we made it work we created simple service which would call our server API and retrieve the data from the database. Before we could do that, we needed to go through tutorial for Angular. After we finished the tutorial we were able to create the service with all the implementation in the app.module.ts. But when we tried to make the call to the server we get CORS error which is security measure for browser, so it doesn’t allow to call from localhost to another localhost which was our case. After some research we implemented simple proxy which solve this issue. With CORS solved we were able to receive the data from server.

With front-end connected we finished the Design phase and move to code implementation.

Because we still have time this day we moved to our first functional requirement which is Database of users, movies and parking.

Task for Database of users, movies and parking

* BE: Create proper model for Movie object and add it to dbcontext
* BE: Create model for User object and add it to dbcontext
* BE: Create model for ParkingPlace and add it to dbcontext
* BE: Create simple controllers for movies, parking and users
* FE: Test if we can call different controller from the front-end

Because we already knew how to create tables from our Design phase we were able divide tasks between ourselves and finish this requirement quickly and with fulfilling all the task we end the day.

# Day Four 9.8.2018

During the stand up in the morning we were able to quickly cover what we worked on previous day (because we worked together) and took another requirement which is Registration of users. We divide it to following tasks:

* BE: Add HTTP Post method to the user controller
* FE: Update user service with post method for registration
* FE: Generate registration component
* FE: Create helper function for handling errors
* FE: Implement form validator for register form
* FE: implement PrimeNG
* FE: Create the HTML elements to present the form.
* Test that we are sending correct data and data are saved in the database

We divided tasks between ourselves and start implementing these tasks. Adding the HTTP method was easy because we used the tutorial. Updating the user service was straight forward as well so we haven’t had an issue same goes to generating the registration component because this is handled by AngularCLI.

Implementing the form validators was the hardest point because at this time we didn’t know how to implement it properly but after some research we managed to make it work.

PrimeNG was a little bit tricky because their get started tutorial was not very helpful but after we spend few hours with combined forces we made it work.

Creating the HTML was really fast we just implement the components from PrimeNG.

Even though everything was going according to plan we haven’t anticipated another CORS problem. The issue was that POST is not a simple method and it requires pre-flight check therefore we had to search for a solution. We were not able to make it work to the end of the day.

# Day Five 10.8.2018

During the stand up we decided that only one of us should focus the CORS issue and the other should start working on next Requirement. The next requirement in line was Login for a user. At this point we didn’t need a working registration because we just add user into the database, so we can work on Login. We divided this as follows

* BE: Create new controller for authentication (so we can later implement JWT authentication)
* FE: Generate component and add logic and form for logging in + html
* FE: Update user service with login method
* FE: implement data service which will hold the logged in user
* Test that we can Login and then we can store the user in the front end

In a first hour we find a way how to enable CORS for whole application on the back end and with that fix issue from previous day. We add service into Startup.cs which handles all CORS call and enabling any method and any header, later that day we added any credentials just to be certain that we won’t have CORS issue ever again. With this implemented we could test the functionality of registration and close the Registration requirement.

Regarding the Login requirement, after we create AuthController we found and issue because we wanted to create on HTTP Get method. Issue with this is that HTTP Get can’t send objects in body. Therefore, we had to find a way to send them. After some research we found out that we can add parameters to our call and then take the login and password from it. After we figured this out we were able to finish rest of the task and after we tested that Login is working we closed this requirement.

Because we still had time till the end of the day we separate next requirement to tasks. This requirement was to enable user to book a movie with seats. There we split this requirement to tasks as follow:

* BE: Create controller which will process this movie reservation
* Create models for movie registration on FE and BE
* FE: Create component for movie reservation
* FE: Create service for handling movie reservation
* FE: Create component for seeing all movies
* FE: Find way to navigate properly in the FE and send parameters
* FE: Navigate from selected movie to the reservation movie component
* BE: